

Guide to the Science Area

For History and Science Concentrators

Science and Society Track

2018-2019

Department of the History of Science

This guide provides ideas for designing your own program of study as a concentrator in History and Science. There are two ways to concentrate in History and Science. You may choose our History of Science track, which does not require a science area. Alternatively, you may pursue our Science and Society track, which allows you to combine the study of a specific science with coursework in history of science and its allied disciplines. This document is specifically for ***students choosing our Science and Society track*** and is designed to guide you in your choice of science courses for the concentration.

Some of the courses mentioned in this document may no longer be in the catalog; other new courses are added every year. Remember that you can count no more than two introductory courses toward concentration credit in the science area. Introductory courses are normally considered to be courses that do not have a college-level prerequisite, and we have noted them with an asterisk.

This list does not define the requirements for the honors-eligible Focus in Medicine and Society or the Focus in Mind, Brain, and Behavior within the Science and Society track. Please refer to the study guide for each focus.

Students should submit a list of proposed courses for the science area on the Courses in Concentration Form, which must then be approved by the Manager of Student Programs or the Director of Undergraduate Studies. It is also important that students review their Courses in Concentration form at least once a year and update it whenever there is a change in the list of courses actually being taken for credit in the concentration.

Common Science Areas

Astronomy and Astrophysics

Chemistry

Computer Science

Earth and Planetary Sciences/Environmental Sciences

Engineering Sciences

Human Evolutionary Biology

Life Sciences

Mathematics

Molecular and Cellular Biology

Organismic and Evolutionary Biology

Physics

Psychology

Statistics

Stem Cell and Regenerative Biology

SCIENCE AREAS

Astronomy and Astrophysics

Astronomy Courses numbered 100 and above

Astronomy 2. Celestial Navigation

Astronomy 5. Astrosociology

Astronomy 16. Stellar and Planetary Astronomy

Astronomy 17. Galactic and Extragalactic Astronomy

Chemistry

The Chemistry 17/27 sequence is intended primarily for students in the life sciences; the 20/30 sequence is intended primarily for Chemistry concentrators and other students concentrating in the physical sciences. Either sequence satisfies the organic chemistry requirement for medical school.

A common chemistry area sequence for History and Science concentrators which satisfies the general chemistry and organic chemistry requirement for medical school is:

***Life Sciences 1a.** An Integrated Introduction to the Life Sciences: Chemistry, Molecular Biology, and Cell Biology

***Physical Sciences 1.** Chemical Bonding, Energy, and Reactivity: An Introduction to the Physical Sciences

Chemistry 17. Principles of Organic Chemistry

Chemistry 27. Organic Chemistry of Life

Other sequences can include:

Chemistry and Chemical Biology Department Courses numbered 100 and above

***Life and Physical Sciences A.** Foundational Chemistry and Biology

***Life Sciences 1b.** An Integrated Introduction to the Life Sciences: Genetics, Genomics, and Evolution

Physical Sciences 2. Mechanics, Elasticity, Fluids, and Diffusion

Physical Sciences 3. Electromagnetism, Waves, Imaging, and Information

Physical Sciences 10. Quantum and Statistical Foundations of Chemistry

Physical Sciences 11. Foundations and Frontiers of Modern Chemistry: A Molecular and Global Perspective

Chemistry 20. Organic Chemistry

Chemistry 30. Organic Chemistry

Chemistry 40. Inorganic Chemistry

Chemistry 60. Foundations of Physical Chemistry

The general chemistry requirement for medical students can be satisfied with any two of the following courses: Life and Physical Sciences A, Life Sciences 1a, Physical Sciences 1, Physical Sciences 10, or Physical Sciences 11. NOTE: Physical Sciences 1 and Physical Sciences 11 cannot both be taken for credit.

PLEASE NOTE – THIS LIST IS NOT EXHAUSTIVE OR DEFINITIVE

Computer Science

Computer Science Courses numbered 100 and above

*Computer Science 1. Great Ideas in Computer Science

*Computer Science 50. Introduction to Computer Science I

Computer Science 51. Abstraction and Design in Computation (formerly Introduction to Computer Science II)

Computer Science 61. Systems Programming and Machine Organization

Earth and Planetary Sciences/Environmental Sciences

Earth and Planetary Sciences courses numbered 100 and above

E-PSCI 10. A Brief History of the Earth

E-PSCI 50. The Fluid Earth: Oceans, Atmosphere, Climate, and Environment

E-PSCI 51. Introduction to Planetary Materials and Earth Resources

E-PSCI 52: Global Geophysics: A Primer

E-PSCI 53: Marine Geochemistry

SPU 12. Natural Disasters

SPU 14. How to Build a Habitable Planet

SPU 29. The Climate-Energy Challenge

SPU 31. Energy Resources and the Environment

Astronomy 16. Stellar and Planetary Astronomy

Engineering Sciences 120. Introduction to the Mechanics of Solids

Engineering Sciences 123. Introduction to Fluid Mechanics and Transport Processes

Engineering Sciences 164. Environmental Chemistry

Engineering Sciences

Engineering Sciences courses numbered 100 and above

Engineering Sciences 20. How to Create Things and Have Them Matter

Engineering Sciences 21. The Innovator's Practice: Finding, Building and Leading Good Ideas with Others

Engineering Sciences 22. Design Survivor: Experiential Lessons in Designing for Desirability

Engineering Sciences 24. Flavor Molecules of Food Fermentation: Exploration and Inquiry

Engineering Sciences 25. Engineering the Acoustical World

Engineering Sciences 26. Humanity and its Challenges: Systems Thinking and Approaches

Engineering Sciences 28. Technology, Ethics, and Society

Engineering Sciences 29. Introduction to Computational Design

*Engineering Sciences 50. Introduction to Electrical Engineering

Engineering Sciences 51. Computer-Aided Machine Design

Engineering Sciences 53. Quantitative Physiology as a Basis for Bioengineering

Engineering Sciences 54. Electronics for Engineers

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Human Evolutionary Biology

HEB Courses numbered 1200 and above

- *Life and Physical Sciences A. Foundational Chemistry and Biology
- *Life Sciences 1a. An Integrated Introduction to the Life Sciences: Chemistry, Molecular Biology, and Cell Biology
- *Life Sciences 1b. An Integrated Introduction to the Life Sciences: Genetics, Genomics, and Evolution
- Life Sciences 2. Evolutionary Human Physiology and Anatomy
- *OEB 10. Foundations of Biological Diversity

Life Sciences

- *Life and Physical Sciences A. Foundational Chemistry and Biology
- *Life Sciences 1a. An Integrated Introduction to the Life Sciences: Chemistry, Molecular Biology, and Cell Biology
- *Life Sciences 1b. An Integrated Introduction to the Life Sciences: Genetics, Genomics, and Evolution
- Life Sciences 2. Evolutionary Human Physiology and Anatomy
- Life Sciences 50ab. Integrated Science
- Life Sciences 100. Experimental Research in the Life Sciences
- SCRB 60. Ethics, Biotechnology, and the Future of Human Nature

Mathematics

Applied Mathematics Department courses numbered 100 and above

Mathematics Department courses numbered 100 and above

Statistics Department courses numbered 110 and above

- *Mathematics Ma. Introduction to Functions and Calculus I
- *Mathematics Mb. Introduction to Functions and Calculus II
- *Mathematics 1a. Introduction to Calculus
- Mathematics 1b. Calculus, Series, and Differential Equations
- Mathematics 18. Multivariable Calculus for Social Sciences
- Mathematics 19a. Modeling and Differential Equations for the Life Sciences
- Mathematics 19b. Linear Algebra, Probability, and Statistics for the Life Sciences
- Mathematics 21a. Multivariable Calculus
- Mathematics 21b. Linear Algebra and Differential Equations
- Mathematics 22a. Vector Calculus and Linear Algebra 1
- Mathematics 22b. Vector Calculus and Linear Algebra II
- Mathematics 23a. Linear Algebra and Real Analysis I
- Mathematics 23b. Linear Algebra and Real Analysis II
- Mathematics 23c. Mathematics for Computation, Statistics, and Data Science
- Mathematics 25a. Theoretical Linear Algebra and Real Analysis I
- Mathematics 25b. Theoretical Linear Algebra and Real Analysis II
- Mathematics 55a. Studies in Algebra and Group Theory
- Mathematics 55b. Honors Real and Complex Analysis

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Molecular and Cellular Biology

Molecular and Cellular Biology Department courses numbered 100 and above

*Life and Physical Sciences A. Foundational Chemistry and Biology

*Life Sciences 1a. An Integrated Introduction to the Life Sciences: Chemistry, Molecular Biology, and Cell Biology

*Life Sciences 1b. An Integrated Introduction to the Life Sciences: Genetics, Genomics, and Evolution

Life Sciences 50A. Integrated Science

Life Sciences 50B. Integrated Science

Life Sciences 100. Experimental Research in the Life Sciences

MCB 60. Cellular Biology and Molecular Medicine

MCB 63. Biochemistry and Molecular Medicine

MCB 64. Cell Biology in the World

MCB 65. Physical Biochemistry: Understanding Macromolecular Machines

MCB 68. Cell Biology Through the Microscope

*MCB 80. Neurobiology of Behavior

Organismic and Evolutionary Biology

Organismic and Evolutionary Biology Department courses numbered 100 and above

*Life Sciences 1b. An Integrated Introduction to the Life Sciences: Genetics, Genomics, and Evolution

Life Sciences 2. Evolutionary Human Physiology and Anatomy

*OEB 10. Foundations of Biological Diversity

OEB 50. Genetics and Genomics

OEB 51. Biology and Evolution of Invertebrate Animals

OEB 52. Biology of Plants

OEB 53. Evolutionary Biology

OEB 54. Biology of the Fungi

OEB 55. Ecology: Populations, Communities, and Ecosystems

OEB 56. Geobiology and the History of Life

OEB 57. Animal Behavior

OEB 58. How to Build an Animal

OEB 59. Plants and Human Affairs

Physics

Physics Department Courses numbered 100 and above

Physical Sciences 2. Mechanics, Elasticity, Fluids, and Diffusion

Physical Sciences 3. Electromagnetism, Waves, Imaging, and Information

Physical Sciences 12a. Mechanics from an Analytic, Numerical, and Experimental Perspective

Physical Sciences 12b. Electromagnetism and Statistical Physics from an Analytic, Numerical, and Experimental Perspective

*Physics 15a. Introductory Mechanics and Relativity

*Physics 15b. Introductory Electromagnetism

Physics 15c. Wave Phenomena

Physics 16. Mechanics and Special Relativity

Applied Physics 50a. Physics as a Foundation for Science and Engineering, Part I

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Applied Physics 50b. Physics as a Foundation for Science and Engineering, Part II
Applied Physics 195. Introduction to Solid State Physics
Astronomy 191. Astrophysics Laboratory
Chemistry 160. The Quantum World
Chemistry 161. Statistical Thermodynamics
Chemistry 163. Frontiers in Biophysics
Chemistry 165. Experimental Physical Chemistry
Earth and Planetary Sciences 131. Introduction to Physical Oceanography and Climate
Engineering Sciences 120. Introduction to the Mechanics of Solids
Engineering Sciences 123. Introduction to Fluid Mechanics and Transport Processes
Engineering Sciences 154. Electronic Devices and Circuits
Engineering Sciences 173. Electronic and Photonic Devices
Engineering Sciences 181. Engineering Thermodynamics
Engineering Sciences 190. Introduction to Materials Science and Engineering

(Note: If you take Physics 15a, b, and c, you may count the combination of Math 21a **and** Math 21b for a fourth physics course)

Psychology

The science area in Psychology must include Science of Living Systems 20. Psychological Science. It is recommended that students who plan to do advanced work in a laboratory setting also enroll in either Psychology 1900 or Statistics 100, 101, or 102. These courses count as introductory courses.

Required Course for All Areas:

1. *Science of Living Systems 20. Psychological Science

The remaining three courses should be chosen from ONE of the following sub-fields. It is recommended that students choose to take the first course listed in each section, since those courses (Psychology 14, 15, 16, and 18) act as a prerequisite for many of the other courses in each respective section.

Cognitive Psychology

Psychology 14. Cognitive Neuroscience
Psychology 1201. Your Brain on Drugs: Psychopharmacology
Psychology 1303. The Human Brain Then and Now
Psychology 1304. Brain Damage as a Window in the Mind: Cognitive Neuropsychology
Psychology 1305. Evolution and Cognition
Psychology 1352. Foundations of Cognitive Neuroscience Research
Psychology 1355. The Adolescent Brain
Psychology 1456. The Clever Human Brain: How We Control the Flow of Information and Make Good Decisions

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Social Psychology

Psychology 15. Social Psychology
Psychology 1502. Cultural Psychology: Diverse Identities in the U.S. and Beyond
Psychology 1503. Psychology of Close Relationships
Psychology 1516. The Psychology of Leadership and Influence: How People Lead and Communicate with Impact
Psychology 1517. Psychology of Diversity and Prejudice
Psychology 1556r. Research Seminar in Implicit Social Cognition

Developmental Psychology

Psychology 15. Social Psychology
Psychology 16. Developmental Psychology: Psychology of Early Childhood
Psychology 1609. Becoming an adult: Exploring Emerging Adulthood as a distinct developmental stage
Psychology 1621: It Takes a Village: Child Development and Social Policy
Psychology 1651r. Language Development: Undergraduate Laboratory Course: Research Seminar
Psychology 1652r. Laboratory in Early Cognitive Development
Psychology 1654. Topics in Cognitive Development: Seminar
Psychology 1655r. Conceptual Development: Undergraduate Laboratory Course

Psychopathology

Psychology 18. Abnormal Psychology
Psychology 1801. Anxiety Disorders
Psychology 1853. Self-Destructive Behaviors
Psychology 1855. Mood Disorders
Psychology 1857. Psychotherapy: Science and Practice
Psychology 1858. Stress, Coping, and Resilience
Psychology 1861. Developmental Psychopathology

Statistics

Statistics Department courses numbered 110 and above

- *Statistics 100. Introduction to Quantitative Methods for the Social Sciences and Humanities
- *Statistics 102. Introduction to Quantitative Methods for Life Sciences
- *Statistics 104. Introduction to Quantitative Methods for Economics

Stem Cell and Regenerative Biology

Stem Cell and Regenerative Biology Department courses numbered 100 and above

SCRB 10. Human Developmental and Regenerative Biology
SCRB 60. Ethics, Biotechnology, and the Future of Human Nature
SCRB 91r. Introduction to Research